

*stocking and the date when such stream, or part thereof, will again be open to fishing. A statement of the stocking of such stream, giving the number of cans of trout planted, the fact that the stream, or part thereof, has been closed, and the dates of the stocking and reopening of the stream, shall be given to at least one newspaper published in the vicinity of such stream, with the request that the same be published as a news item; nothing in this act contained shall authorize the Board of Fish Commissioners to close any stream, or part thereof, which is owned or held by any individual, association or corporation, and which has not been stocked with fish furnished by the Commonwealth or the board.*

*Any person fishing in any stream, or part of a stream, during the period the same has been closed to fishing under the provisions of this section shall, on conviction as provided in chapter fourteen of this act, be subject to a penalty of twenty-five dollars.*

Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment. When effective.

APPROVED—The 10th day of June, A. D. 1935.

GEORGE H. EARLE

No. 126

AN ACT

Empowering private corporations hereafter formed and municipalities to establish, operate, and maintain foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to ports of entry of the United States in accordance with the act of Congress of the United States; and prescribing the powers and duties of such corporations and municipalities in connection therewith.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That any private corporation, hereafter formed in this Commonwealth for the purposes expressed in this section, and any municipality of this Commonwealth, is hereby authorized to make application in accordance with the provisions of the act of the Congress of the United States, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States; to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," (Public Act No. three hundred ninety-seven, seventy-third Congress), hereinafter referred to as "the act of Congress"; to the board consisting of the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War, thereby established, hereinafter called "the Board"; for the privilege of establishing, operating, and maintaining a foreign-trade zone in, or adjacent to, any port of entry under the jurisdiction of

Private corporations, and municipalities.

Act of Congress of the United States, approved June 18, 1934. cited.

Board.

Foreign-trade zone.

Limit of  
trade zone.

the United States in order to expedite and encourage foreign commerce. If, and when, such application is granted, the grantee shall have power to establish, operate, and maintain such foreign-trade zone. Any foreign-trade zone established by a municipality may be operated and maintained only within the limits of such municipality, or adjacent thereto.

Any such foreign-trade zone shall be established, operated, and maintained by a municipality or private corporation in accordance with the provisions of the act of the Congress.

Private  
corporations.

Section 2. Any such private corporation, desiring to engage in the business set forth in section one of this act, shall be formed after the effective date of this act as a business corporation under the provisions of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred sixty-four), entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue, to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," and shall have all the powers, rights and privileges, and be subject to all the restrictions and limitations provided for by said act.

Municipalities  
and corporations  
must comply  
with the provi-  
sions of the act  
and rules of  
the board.

Section 3. Each municipality and private corporation establishing, operating, and maintaining a foreign-trade zone shall fully comply with all of the provisions of the act of Congress and the rules and regulations prescribed by the board thereunder, and shall have all the powers, rights, privileges, and authority conferred by the act of Congress and said rules and regulations, and be subject to the limitations and restrictions contained in said act and said rules and regulations. Any such municipality or private corporation shall forfeit any right and privilege to operate and maintain a foreign-trade zone, under the provisions of this act or under the charter of any private corporation formed as aforesaid, if, and when, its grant of privilege is finally revoked under the authority granted in the act of Congress.

Revocation of  
privilege.

Section 4. Each foreign-trade zone established and maintained within the limits of this Commonwealth shall be operated as a public utility, and all rates and charges for all services or privileges within the zone shall be fair and reasonable, but no such rates or charges shall be subject to supervision, regulation or control by the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Every municipality and private corporation operating and maintaining a foreign-trade zone shall afford to all who may apply for the use of the trade zone and its facilities and appurtenances, uniform treatment under like conditions, subject to such treaties or commercial conventions as are now in force or may hereafter be made from time to time by the United States with foreign governments.

Rates.

Section 5. Each municipality and private corporation, operating a foreign-trade zone within the limits of this Commonwealth, shall file a copy of each and every report which it shall make, or be required to make, under the act of Congress with the State Department of Internal Affairs.

Report.

Section 6. If any provision of this act or the application of such provision to certain circumstances be held invalid, the remainder of the act, and the application of such provisions to circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

Constitutional provision.

Section 7. This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

When effective.

APPROVED—The 10th day of June, A. D. 1935.

GEORGE H. EARLE

No. 127

AN ACT

To amend the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand eight hundred eight), entitled "An act fixing the time when statutory law hereafter enacted shall become effective."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand eight hundred eight), entitled "An act fixing the time when statutory law hereafter enacted shall become effective," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Act of May  
17, 1929  
(P. L. 1808),  
amended.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all laws hereafter enacted finally [by] *at a regular session* of the General Assembly, except laws making appropriations, shall be in full force and effect only from and after the first day of September next following their final enactment, unless a different date is specified in the act itself.

When acts,  
enacted at regu-  
lar session,  
become effective.