- (c) In proper cases, surrender such securities for redemption, and credit the proceeds thereof to the proper fund:
- (d) Upon receipt of written authorization from the department, board, or commission, which deposited them, make delivery of any such securities lawfully sold by such department, board, or commission; [and]
- (e) Safely keep all short-term obligations of the United States government, purchased under the provisions of this act from time to time, collect interest or other income accruing on such short-term obligations, and credit the same to the proper funds;
- [(e)] (f) From time to time, to advise the Department of Revenue, and the departments, boards, or commissions affected, of amounts credited to any funds hereunder.

The Treasury Department is authorized to carry such insurance against the loss of all or any cash and securities, of which it or the State Treasurer is custodian, through theft, burglary or otherwise, and such insurance to cover forgeries of all kinds on checks, drafts, warrants, and requisitions, as the department shall deem advisable. The Treasury Department is also authorized to make settlement for, to take delivery of, and to have held for the account of the funds out of which purchased, any of the short-term* obligations of the United States Government which may be purchased under the terms of this act, at the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, or the Pittsburgh branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment.

Act effective immediately.

Approved—The 30th day of April, A. D. 1943.

EDWARD MARTIN

No. 71

AN ACT

To permit the sale and purchase of imitation butter or oleomargarine for consumption by inmates and employes of charitable and penal institutions within the Commonwealth for a period of two years, and suspending certain provisions of the law prohibiting such sales and purchases for the same period of time under certain circumstances; requiring the keeping of records and the making of reports; and providing penalties.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

^{* &}quot;short term" in original.

Sale and purchase of imitation butter or oleomargarine for consumption by charitable and penal institutions permitted when butter is not available.

Whereas, The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has heretofore made a legislative finding of fact that "milk is the most necessary human food vital for the promotion of the public's health and for development of strength and vigor in the race"; and

Whereas, Butter produced from pure unadulterated milk has a recognized food value unequalled by any imitation product made from other substances; and

Whereas, By the act of May 23, 1893 (Pamphlet Laws, one hundred twelve), the use or purchase by, or the sale to, or the furnishing to the inmates of any charitable or penal institution in Pennsylvania, of any article designed to take the place of butter produced from pure unadulterated milk or cream from the same, or of any imitation or adulterated butter was prohibited and made unlawful; and

Whereas, Due to the present war effort and to the exportation of vast quantities of butter to our Allies, there is a present shortage of butter, and such charitable and penal institutions are presently unable to purchase adequate supplies of butter for the use of the inmates of such institutions; and

Whereas, It may become necessary, for a limited period of time, for such institutions to supplement the available supplies of butter through the purchase and use of imitation butter or oleomargarine.

Section 1. The provisions of the act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws, one hundred twelve), are hereby modified and suspended as follows:

- (1) Any charitable or penal institution shall not use or furnish to its inmates any imitation butter or oleomargarine when adequate quantities of butter are available or obtainable from the usual sources of supply or from normal markets.
- (2) In the event adequate quantities of butter are not available in or obtainable from the usual sources of supply or from normal markets, each such institution shall purchase all of the butter which is available or obtainable.
- (3) In the event of the rationing of butter as a part of the war effort, any such institution shall purchase the full amount of butter apportioned to its inmates and to its employes residing within the institution.
- (4) In the event that adequate quantities of butter are not available in or obtainable from the usual sources of supply, or from normal markets, or through rationing, any such institution may purchase sufficient quantities of imitation butter or oleomargarine to supplement the quantities of butter so available.

(5) Each charitable or penal institution so purchasing imitation butter or oleomargarine shall keep full and accurate records of all purchases of imitation butter

Provisions of act of May 23, 1893, P. L. 112, modified and suspended.

Records.

or oleomargarine, showing the date and amount of such purchase, the amount paid and the name and address of the person, partnership or corporation from whom purchased. Such record shall be open to the inspection of the Secretary of Agriculture or his designated

representative.

(6) The Secretary of Agriculture from time to time, Authority vested in Secretary of and for such periods of time as he may determine, may Agriculture. require any charitable or penal institution, other than a State-owned and State operated institution, to report within the period of thirty days from the date of his request, the amount of such purchases, the source of such purchases, the date of purchase, and the price paid, together with information of the total quantity of butter purchased during the same periods.

Section 2. Any persons knowingly violating the pro- Penalty. visions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding two years for each offense or both at the

discretion of the court.

Section 3. This act is a temporary act, and shall be Act effective for 2 years only. effective only for a period of two years after its enactment.

Section 4. This act shall become effective immediately Act effective immediately. upon final enactment.

Approved—The 30th day of April, A. D. 1943.

EDWARD MARTIN

No. 72

AN ACT

To further amend section one thousand one hundred thirty-three of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred nine), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," making further provision for the creation of the office of district superintendent, in districts where such office does not exist.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. Section one thousand one hundred thirtythree of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred nine), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-

Section 1133, act of May 18, 1911, P. L. 309, as amended by act of June 20, 1939, P. L. 491, further amended.