

may deem necessary. Any person hunting for game of any kind during the period such person has been denied the right to hunt in the manner aforesaid, or securing a hunter's license, either in his own or an assumed name, shall, upon conviction, in addition to the penalty imposed by this act for hunting without a license, be sentenced to pay a penalty of twenty dollars for each separate day upon which such person has hunted prior to the expiration of the period for which such person has been denied the right to secure a license or to hunt.

Hunting when license has been revoked.

Penalty.

APPROVED—The 21st day of April, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 131.

AN ACT

To further amend section three of an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred and seventy-five), entitled "An act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," as amended.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section three of an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred and seventy-five), entitled "An act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," which, as amended by the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws, nine hundred and sixty), entitled "An act to amend an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof,'" reads as follows:—

Weights and measures.

"Section 3. Each person who shall, directly or indirectly, or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another, violate any of the provisions of this act, or give or offer to give any false weight or measure, or use any weighing device after it shall have been condemned and before it shall have been adjusted and sealed, or obstruct or attempt to obstruct any in-

Section 3, act of May 11, 1911 (P. L. 275), as amended by section 3, act of July 24, 1913 (P. L. 860), cited for amendment.

spector in the performance of his duty, shall *be guilty of a misdemeanor*. Upon conviction thereof, *such person shall*, for the first offense, be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed twenty-five dollars; for the second offense, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars; and for each subsequent offense, such person shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment in the proper county jail for not more than thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court. In default of the payment of any fine as aforesaid, the person convicted shall be sentenced to serve one day in jail of the proper county for each dollar of the fine and costs.

"It shall be unlawful for any inspector to use any tests or standards, or to attempt to use the same, in ascertaining the correctness or accuracy of weights and measures, until such comparisons are made and their accuracy established, and so stamped or marked; and any inspector violating the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or both or either, at the discretion of the court," is hereby further amended to read as follows:—

Section 3. Each person who shall, directly or indirectly, or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another, violate any of the provisions of this act, or give or offer to give any false or insufficient weight or measure, or use any weighing device after it shall have been condemned and before it shall have been adjusted and sealed, or obstruct or attempt to obstruct any inspector in the performance of his duty shall, upon conviction thereof *in a summary proceeding before any alderman, magistrate, or justice of the peace, of the proper city or county*, for the first offense, be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed twenty-five dollars; for the second offense, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars; and for each subsequent offense shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment in the proper county jail for not more than thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court. In default of the payment of any fine as aforesaid, the person convicted shall be sentenced to serve one day in jail of the proper county for each dollar of the fine and costs.

Use of false or insufficient weights or measures.

Jurisdiction.

Penalty.

Violations by inspectors.

It shall be unlawful for any inspector to use any tests or standards, or to attempt to use the same, in ascertaining the correctness or accuracy of weights and measures, until such comparisons are made and their accuracy established and so stamped or marked;

and any inspector violating the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction therefor, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or undergo imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or both or either, at the discretion of the court.

APPROVED—The 21st day of April, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 132.

AN ACT

To amend section five hundred and eighty-five of an act, approved July fourteenth, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws, eight hundred forty), entitled "An act concerning townships; and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating thereto."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section five hundred and eighty-five of an act, approved the fourteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen (Pamphlet Laws, eight hundred forty), entitled "An act concerning townships; and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating thereto," which reads as follows:—

Townships of the first class.

Highways.

"(e) Grading, Paving, Curbing, Macadamizing, or Otherwise Improving Connecting Streets, Et Cetera.

"Section 585. Townships of the first class may, without petition of property owners, grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve public streets and thoroughfares, or parts thereof, when said streets or thoroughfares do not exceed one thousand feet in length and connect two streets or thoroughfares theretofore paved or improved," is hereby amended to read as follows:—

Section 585, act July 14, 1917 (P. L. 840), cited for amendment.

(e) Grading, Paving, Curbing, Macadamizing, or Otherwise Improving Connecting Streets, *Additional Widths of State Highways*, Et Cetera.

Section 585. Townships of the first class may, without petition of property owners, grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve public streets and thoroughfares, or parts thereof, when said streets or thoroughfares do not exceed one thousand feet in length and connect two streets or thoroughfares theretofore paved or improved.

Paving, grading, etc.

Townships of the first class may, without petition of property owners, grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve any additional width of any State highway, when a defined width of such State highway is being or has been permanently improved by the State Highway Department. Any such improvement shall be made only with the consent and approval of the State Highway Department.

Additional widths.

Approved—The 21st day of April, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.