

Section 4. To carry out the provisions of this act, the county commissioners of such county shall have the power, and it shall be their duty, to procure a loan or loans for such an amount as the court of quarter sessions of such county may approve of, and the proceeds of such loan or loans shall be turned over to the said directors of the poor, and the same, together with any funds in the hands of said directors, except moneys specifically appropriated for the maintenance of the poor of such county, shall be used and expended exclusively for the purchase of such real estate and for the erection, construction, equipment, and furnishing of suitable and proper buildings thereon and for the alteration, remodeling, and furnishing of buildings erected or in the course of erection thereon.

County commissioners may borrow money.

Disposition of proceeds of loans.

Section 5. To secure the loan or loans provided for in the preceding section of this act, the county commissioners of such county may issue bonds, upon terms, for such length of time, and in such denominations, as they may deem advisable.

Bonds.

Section 6. For the purpose of paying the principal and interest of said bonds, the county commissioners of such county may levy tax in addition to taxes for current expenses of said county, the same to be levied and collected in the same manner as taxes for general purposes are levied and collected: Provided, however, That the total amount of said special tax in any year shall not exceed fifty per cent. of the total amount awarded to the directors of the poor of said county for the maintenance of the poor therein for that year.

Taxation.

Proviso.

APPROVED—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 186.

AN ACT

To further amend section eight of the act, approved the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and six (Pamphlet Laws, forty-five), entitled "An act to regulate the deposits of State funds, to prescribe the method of selecting State depositories, to limit the amount of State deposits, to provide for the security of such deposits, to fix the rate of interest thereon, to provide for the publication of monthly statements of moneys in the general and sinking funds, to declare it a misdemeanor to give or take anything of value for obtaining the same, and prescribing penalties for violations of this act," by fixing the rate of interest to be paid by active and nonactive depositories.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section eight of the act, approved the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and six (Pamphlet Laws, forty-five), entitled "An act to regulate the deposits of State funds, to prescribe the method of selecting

State depositories.

State depositories, to limit the amount of State deposits, to provide for the security of such deposits, to fix the rate of interest thereon, to provide for the publication of monthly statements of moneys in the general and sinking funds, to declare it a misdemeanor to give or take anything of value for obtaining the same, and prescribing penalties for violations of this act," which, as amended by section two of the act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand sixty-five), entitled "An act amending an act, entitled 'An act to regulate the deposits of State funds, to prescribe the method of selecting State depositories, to limit the amount of State deposits, to provide for the security of such deposits, to fix the rate of interest thereon, to provide for the publication of monthly statements of moneys in the general and sinking funds, to declare it a misdemeanor to give or take anything of value for obtaining the same, and prescribing penalties for violations of this act,' approved February seventeenth, one thousand nine hundred six, so as to authorize combined deposits in all active depositories to an amount not to exceed the sum of six million dollars, and so as to authorize the selection, by the Board of Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner, of two banks or trust companies as active depositories for State funds, in addition to the number now provided by law," reads as follows:—

Section 8, act of February 17, 1908 (P. L. 45), as amended by section 2, act of July 18, 1917 (P. L. 1065), cited for amendment.

"Section 8. The interest rate to be paid by the depositories upon all State deposits shall be at the rate of two per centum per annum, *and all distinctions between active and nonactive depositories, as to interest rate, shall be abolished.*

"The Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner, or a majority of them, shall designate two banks or trust companies in Dauphin County, two banks or trust companies in Philadelphia County, and two banks or trust companies in Allegheny County, to be known as active depositories, in which shall be deposited a sufficient amount of the daily receipts of the State Treasury to transact the current business of the Commonwealth; and said Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner, or a majority of them, shall have power, if to them it seem necessary, to designate two other banks or trust companies, located in any of the counties above mentioned or in any other county of the Commonwealth, to be known as active depositories and to be used for the purposes above mentioned," is hereby amended to read as follows:—

Interest rate on State deposits.

Section 8. The interest rate to be paid by the depositories upon all State deposits shall be at the rate of two per centum per annum *by all active deposita-*

*ries, and at the rate of three per centum per annum by all nonactive depositaries.*

The Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner, or a majority of them, shall designate two banks or trust companies in Dauphin County, two banks or trust companies in Philadelphia County, and two banks or trust companies in Allegheny County, to be known as active depositaries, in which shall be deposited a sufficient amount of the daily receipts of the State Treasury to transact the current business of the Commonwealth; and said Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner, or a majority of them, shall have power, if to them it seem necessary, to designate two other banks or trust companies, located in any of the counties above mentioned or in any other county of the Commonwealth, to be known as active depositaries, and to be used for the purposes above mentioned.

Active depositaries.

APPROVED—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 187.

AN ACT

To regulate and control the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, giving away, and use of weights and measures and of weighing and measuring devices in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for the approval and disapproval of such weights, measures, and devices by the Bureau of Standards; and prescribing penalties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the word "type," as used in this act, is defined as a class the individual objects of which are similar one to another in design, construction, size, and material.

Weights and measures. Definitions. "Type."

The term "standard weights and measures," as used in this act, is to be construed to include the standards of weights and measures adopted by the United States and the State of Pennsylvania, in accordance with those furnished by the Federal Government under joint resolutions of Congress, approved June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and now recognized and in use throughout the United States.

"Standard weights and measures."

The term "use in trade or commerce," as used in this act, shall be construed to include use in buying or selling goods, wares, or merchandise.

"Use in trade or commerce."

The word "person," as used in this act, shall be construed to import both the plural and the singular, as the case demands, and shall include corporations, copartnerships, companies, societies, and associations.

"Person."