

No. 229.

AN ACT

To amend sections two, three, and four of an act, approved the third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and ninety-five), entitled "An act regulating the sale of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs, also of condimental stock- and poultry-food, and patented, proprietary or trade-mark stock- and poultry-food, possessing nutritive value combined with medicinal properties; defining concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs; prohibiting the adulteration of any feeding-stuff, sold, offered, or exposed for sale, in this State, with oat hulls, ground corn cobs, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground cornstalks, rice hulls, peanut hulls, weed seeds, or other similar adulterants; providing for the collection of samples and analysis thereof by the Department of Agriculture, and the publication of information concerning the same; providing also for the expenses of the enforcement of the law, fixing penalties for its violation, and repealing act number two hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand nine hundred and seven, page two hundred and seventy-three), entitled 'An act regulating the sale of wheat-, rye-, corn-, and buckwheat-bran and middlings, or any admixture thereof,' et cetera, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven," by enlarging the scope of the term "concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs," and providing for the collection of license fees for the sale thereof, and by including certain other substances as adulterants.

Commercial feeding-stuffs.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section two of the act, approved the third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and ninety-five), entitled "An act regulating the sale of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs, also of condimental stock- and poultry-food, and patented, proprietary or trade-mark stock- and poultry-food, possessing nutritive value combined with medicinal properties; defining concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs; prohibiting the adulteration of any feeding-stuff, sold, offered, or exposed for sale, in this State, with oat hulls, ground corn cobs, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground cornstalks, rice hulls, peanut hulls, weed seeds, or other similar adulterants; providing for the collection of samples and analysis thereof by the Department of Agriculture, and the publication of information concerning the same; providing also for the expenses of the enforcement of the law, fixing penalties for its violation, and repealing act number two hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand nine hundred and seven, page two hundred and seventy-three), entitled 'An act regulating the sale of wheat-, rye-, corn-, and buckwheat-bran and middlings, or any admixture thereof,' et cetera, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven," which reads as follows:—

"Section 2. The term 'concentrated commercial feeding-stuff,' as used in this act, shall include cottonseed meals, cottonseed feeds, linseed meals, *gluten meals*,

Section 2, act of May 3, 1909 (P. L. 395), cited for amendment.

gluten feeds, pea meals, bean meals, peanut meals, cocoanut meals, maize feeds, starch feeds, sugar feeds, dried distillers-grains, dried brewers-grains, malt sprouts, hominy feeds, cerealine feeds, maizeline feeds, rice meals, dried beet pulp, dried molasses beet pulp, corn bran, clover meal, alfalfa meal and feeds, molasses grains, molasses feeds, ground beef or fish scraps, and other animal and vegetable by-products, mixtures bearing distinctive names, and all other mixtures of similar nature, used for feeding domestic animals, including poultry; also condimental stock- and poultry-food, and patented, proprietary or trade-marked stock- and poultry-food, possessing nutritive value combined with medicinal properties, and mixed feeds other than pure grains ground together, and mixed feeds other than mixtures of wheat-bran and wheat middlings; neither shall it include hays, straws, and corn stover, whole grains, nor the unmixed meals made directly from the entire grains of wheat, rye, barley, oats, Indian corn, buckwheat, broom corn, flaxseed, sugar cane, and sorghum; nor shall it include wheat, rye, and buckwheat brans, middlings, or shorts, not mixed with other substances, but sold separately as distinct articles of commerce; nor pure grains ground together; nor wheat-bran and wheat middlings mixed together, not mixed with any other substance, and known in the trade as 'mixed feed.' The Secretary of Agriculture, by himself or his agents, is fully empowered to take samples of these articles when found, and, if upon analysis, they prove to be adulterated or misbranded, the vender shall be in all respects subject to the penalties hereinafter set forth for the adulteration or misbranding of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs." is hereby amended to read as follows:—

Section 2. The term "concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs," as used in this act, shall include cottonseed meals, cottonseed feeds, linseed meals, *linseed oil meals, cocoanut oil meals, peanut meals, corn oil meals, corn gluten feeds, corn gluten meals, corn bran, maize feeds, starch feeds, barley middlings, barley feeds, pea meals, bean meals, sugar feeds, dried distillers' grains, dried brewers' grains, malt sprouts, dried malt grains, dried vinegar grains, wheat bran, wheat middlings, wheat mixed feeds, rye bran, rye middlings, rye mixed feeds, buckwheat brans, buckwheat middlings, buckwheat feeds, hominy feeds, cerealine feeds, maizeline feeds, rice meals, dried beet pulp, dried molasses beet pulp, feed molasses, molasses grains, molasses feeds, clover meal, alfalfa meal and feeds, semi-solid or dried buttermilk, ground beef scraps, ground fish scrap, oil meals or residues from extracted seeds and grains, mixtures of whole grains, and all other mixtures bearing distinctive brand or trade names, and all*

"Concentrated commercial feeding stuffs" defined.

mixtures of similar nature used for feeding domestic animals, including poultry; condimental stock- and poultry-foods, and patented, proprietary or trade-mark stock- and poultry-foods, possessing nutritive value combined with medicinal properties, and all mixed feeds other than pure grains *which are not sold as mixtures bearing distinctive names, but which are sold as pure grains*. It shall not include hays, straws and corn stover, *ensilage*, whole grains, nor the unmixed meals made directly from the entire grains of wheat, rye, barley, oats, Indian corn, *ear corn*, *Kaffir corn*, broom corn, sugar cane, sorghum, *rice*, buckwheat, and flax-seed, not mixed with other substances, but sold separately as distinct articles of commerce; nor pure grains *mixed* together, not *being* mixed with any other substance, *nor having distinctive brand or trade names, but sold as mixtures of pure whole grains*. The Secretary of Agriculture, by himself or his agents, is fully empowered to take samples of these articles when found, and, if upon analysis, they prove to be adulterated or misbranded, the vender shall be in all respects subject to the penalties hereinafter set forth for the adulteration or misbranding of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs.

Samples and analysis.

Section 2. That section three of said act, which reads as follows:—

Section 3, act of May 3, 1909 (P. L. 395), cited for amendment.

“Section 3. No foreign mineral substance, or substances injurious to the health of domestic animals, nor oat hulls, ground corn cobs, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground cornstalks, *rice hulls*, *peanut hulls*, weed seeds, or other similar adulterants shall be mixed with any feeding-stuff sold, offered, or exposed for sale in this State: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the use of mineral substances known to possess medicinal properties, and that are not injurious to the health of domestic animals, in compounding stock- and poultry-foods and patented, proprietary or trade-marked stock- and poultry-foods: And provided further, That any feeding-stuff the crude fiber content of which does not exceed *nine* per centum, that may be found, upon analysis, to contain either oat hulls, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground cornstalks, or all of these ingredients, shall not be considered adulterated with oat hulls, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, *or* ground cornstalks, within the meaning of this act: And provided further, That nothing contained in this act shall prohibit the *grinding* of whole corn without being shelled, *either by itself or with other grains*, or the admixture of ground corn cobs with exclusively corn feeds, in such proportion as to keep the fiber content from exceeding *nine* per centum,” is hereby amended to read as follows:—

Section 3. No foreign mineral substance or substances injurious to the health of domestic animals, nor oat hulls, *oat feed, oatmeal, mill by-product, clipped oat by-product*, ground corn cobs, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground corn stalks, *cocoa shells, cocoanut shells*, weed seeds, *humus, peat, sand, sawdust, coffee hulls*, or other similar adulterants shall be mixed with any feeding-stuff sold, offered, or exposed for sale in this State: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the use of mineral substances known to possess medicinal properties and that are not injurious to the health of domestic animals in compounding stock- and poultry-food and patented, proprietary or trade-marked stock- and poultry-foods: And provided further, That any feeding-stuff the crude fiber content of which does not exceed *eleven* per centum, that may be found, upon analysis, to contain either oat hulls, *oat feed, oatmeal, mill by-product, clipped oat by-product*, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground cornstalks, *cocoa shells, cocoanut shells*, or all of these ingredients, shall not be considered adulterated with oat hulls, *oat feed, oatmeal, mill by-product, clipped oat by-product*, flax plant refuse, elevator chaff, cottonseed hulls, ground cornstalks, *cocoa shells, or cocoanut shells*, within the meaning of this act: And provided further, That nothing contained in this act shall prohibit the *mixing* of whole corn without being shelled with other *whole* grains or the admixture of ground corn cobs with exclusively corn feeds, in such proportion as to keep the crude fiber content from exceeding *eleven* per centum.

Minerals and injurious substances.

Mineral substances possessing medicinal properties.

Crude fiber content.

Corn feeds.

The use of any or all metal fasteners in fastening or attaching tags or cards to packages of feeding-stuffs is hereby prohibited.

Metal fasteners.

In addition to the requirements to section one of this act a statement shall be affixed to all packages or other containers of feeding-stuffs, showing, in the case of feed molasses, the minimum percentage of total sugars which it contains, and, in the case of semi-solid butter-milk, the minimum percentage of total solids which it contains.

Statements on packages.

Section 3. That section four of said act, which reads as follows:—

“Section 4. Each and every manufacturer, importer, agent, person, corporation, or firm, selling, offering, or exposing for sale, in this State, any concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs, as defined in section two of this act, shall, upon request, file in the office of the Secretary of Agriculture a certified copy of the statement or statements named in section one of this act,” is hereby amended to read as follows:—

Section 4, act of May 3, 1909 (P. L. 395), cited for amendment.

Section 4. Each and every manufacturer, importer, agent, person, corporation, or firm, on or before the

Reports to the Secretary of Agriculture.

first day of January of each year or before, selling, offering, or exposing for sale, in this Commonwealth, any concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs, as defined in section two of this act, shall register and file annually with the Secretary of Agriculture a certified statement of the names and number of each kind or brand of such concentrated commercial feeding-stuff that he shall offer for sale during the next ensuing year, and a copy of the analysis of each one of such brands as required by section one of this act; and he or they shall pay to the Secretary of Agriculture the sum of twenty-five dollars for each and every brand of such concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs to be sold or offered for sale within the Commonwealth. All moneys so received shall be immediately paid by the Secretary of Agriculture to the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth.

License fee.

Disposition of fee.

APPROVED—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 230.

A SUPPLEMENT

To the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws, one hundred and forty-six), entitled "An act relating to marriage licenses; providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry;" imposing an additional license fee for the use of the Commonwealth.

Marriage.

Additional license fee.

Collection and disposition.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for each marriage license issued after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, there shall be paid a fee of fifty cents, in addition to the fees now imposed by the act to which this is a supplement. The said fee shall be collected by the clerk of the orphans' court issuing said license, and, at the end of each month, all moneys so collected by him shall be transmitted to the State Treasurer, to be placed in the general fund for the use of the Commonwealth.

APPROVED—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.