

county superintendent shall have an additional assistant superintendent. And the school directors of any county, at their convention for electing a county superintendent, may authorize the appointment of additional assistant superintendents to those herein provided for.

Additional
assistants.

APPROVED—The 24th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 400.

AN ACT

To amend section sixteen of an act, approved the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws, four hundred and nineteen), entitled "An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers; requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties; and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section sixteen of the act, approved the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws, four hundred and nineteen), entitled "An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers; requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties; and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," which reads as follows:—

Elections.

"Section 16. The county commissioners of each county shall provide for each election district in which an election is to be held, one set of such ballots of not less than *seventy-five* for every fifty and fraction of fifty voters therein, as contained upon the assessor's list. They shall also prepare full instructions for the guidance of voters, as to obtaining ballots, as to the manner of marking them and the method of gaining assistance, and as to obtaining new ballots in place of those accidentally spoiled; and they shall respectively cause the same, together with copies of sections thirty to thirty-five inclusive of this act, to be printed in large clear type on separate cards to be called cards of instruction. They shall also, in addition to the number of *tickets* required to be printed for general distribution, have printed five hundred official and one hundred sample ballots for every five thousand voters within the county, which *tickets* shall be kept at the office of the commissioners for the use of any district or districts, the *tickets* for which may be lost or destroyed. They shall also cause to be printed on tinted paper and without the fac-simile endorsements, copies of the form of the ballot provided for each voting place at each election therein, which shall be called specimen ballots, and at each election they shall furnish to each

Section 16, act of
June 10, 1893, P.
L. 419, cited for
amendment.

voting place, together with the ballots to be used there, a sufficient number of cards of instruction and specimen ballots for use as required in section twenty-one of this act. They shall also provide for each election district at every election therein, two copies of the assessor's lists of voters, and shall deliver the same as such lists are now delivered, one copy to be called the 'ballot check list,' for the inspectors in charge of the ballots, and the other copy to be called the 'voting check list,' to be used in marking the name of those who have voted *and the number of their ballots as now required by law,*" is hereby amended to read as follows:—

Number of ballots to be furnished each district.

Cards of instruction.

Additional ballots.

Specimen ballots.

Registers of voters.

Ballot check list.

Section 16. The county commissioners of each county shall provide, for each election district in which an election is to be held, one set of such ballots of not less than *fifty* for every fifty and fraction of fifty voters therein, as contained upon the assessor's list. They shall also prepare full instructions for the guidance of voters as to obtaining ballots, as to the manner of marking them, and the method of gaining assistance, and as to obtaining new ballots in place of those accidentally spoiled; and they shall respectively cause the same, together with copies of sections thirty to thirty-five inclusive of this act, to be printed in large clear type on separate cards, to be called cards of instruction. They shall also, in addition to the number of *ballots* required to be printed for general distribution, have printed five hundred official and one hundred sample ballots for every five thousand voters within the county, which *ballots* shall be kept at the office of the commissioners for the use of any district or districts, the *ballots* for which may be lost or destroyed. They shall also cause to be printed, on tinted paper and without the fac-simile endorsements, copies of the form of the ballot provided for each voting place at each election therein, which shall be called specimen ballots, and at each election they shall furnish to each voting place, together with the ballots to be used there, a sufficient number of cards of instruction and specimen ballots for use as required in section twenty-one of this act. They shall *deliver to each election district in cities of the first, second, and third classes, where personal registration is required, at every election therein, the registers of voters, known as the voting check list and ballot check list. In all election districts, other than in cities of the first, second, and third classes, they shall provide for each election district, at every election therein, two copies of assessor's lists of voters, and shall deliver the same as such lists are now delivered, one copy, to be called the "ballot check list," for the inspector in charge of the ballots,*

and the other copy, to be called the "voting check list," to be used in marking the names of those who have voted.

Voting check list.

APPROVED—The 24th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 401.

AN ACT

Providing for county poor districts in counties of the seventh class; providing for their management, direction, and control by the county commissioners; defining their powers and duties; imposing certain duties upon the county treasurer and county controller or county auditors; abolishing the present poor districts, and transferring their property.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, for the purpose of furnishing relief to the poor, destitute, and paupers, giving them employment, and carrying out the provisions of this act, each county of the seventh class is hereby created a poor district, to be known as ".....County Poor District."

Counties, of the seventh class.

County poor districts.

Section 2. The county commissioners shall, upon the petition of at least one thousand electors of such county requesting the establishment of a county poor district, submit the question of the establishment of such district to the electors of the county at the next municipal or general election. If a majority of the persons voting at such election are in favor of the establishment of a county poor district, the result of such election shall be certified by the returning board to the county commissioners, and shall by them be entered upon their minutes, and thereupon it shall become the duty of the county commissioners to establish such district as is in this act provided.

Establishment. Petition of voters.

Election.

Section 3. Upon the acceptance of this act, the title to all real and personal property, equipment, and supplies, now owned by the various township, borough, city, county, or other poor districts within any such county, is disposed of as follows, to wit:

Disposition of property of existing districts.

That of each township poor district is hereby transferred to and vested in the township in which located. The township commissioners in first class townships and the supervisors in second class townships are hereby given the power and authority to sell the same and transfer the title thereto; and the proceeds thereof, together with all other moneys of such districts, shall be used for general township purposes.

Township poor districts.

That of each borough poor district is hereby transferred to and vested in the borough in which located. The council and burgess of such borough are hereby given the power and authority to sell the same and

Borough poor districts.