

No. 85

AN ACT

Prohibiting the payment by counties of costs in criminal cases discharged after preliminary hearings before magistrates, justices of the peace, and aldermen, unless names and addresses of prosecutors, defendants, and witnesses appear on the transcript thereof.

Costs in discharged cases.

County not liable unless transcript bears names and addresses.

Unlawful for commissioners or controller to approve payment.

When effective.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no county shall hereafter be liable for the payment of any costs in any prosecution brought before any magistrate, alderman, or justice of the peace against any person on the charge of having committed any crime when such charge shall, upon examination at a preliminary hearing, appear to be unfounded and shall be dismissed or discharged by such magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace, and the costs thereof directed to be paid by the county, unless there shall be endorsed upon the transcript of such proceedings the names and specific addresses of the prosecutor, the defendant or defendants, and of all the witnesses who were called and sworn and who testified at such hearing or examination.

Section 2. It is unlawful for the county commissioners or the controller of any county to order, authorize, or approve the payment of any costs in any such proceedings unless the transcript thereof shall contain the name and specific address of the prosecutor, the defendant or defendants, and all witnesses, as required by the preceding section of this act.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

APPROVED—The 3d day of May, A. D. 1933.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

No. 86

AN ACT

To promote the public health and safety by providing for examination and registration of those who desire to engage in the occupation of beauty culture; defining beauty culture, and regulating beauty culture shops, schools, students, apprentices, teachers, managers and operators; conferring powers and duties upon the Department of Public Instruction; providing for appeals to certain courts by applicants and licensees; and providing penalties.

Beauty culture law.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That—Definitions.—The following words or phrases, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:

“Beauty Culture” includes any or all work done for compensation by any person, which work is generally and usually performed by so-called hairdressers, cos-