

day of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-six] *yearly service periods of enlistment or commission of twelve consecutive months*; or

(c) A gold medal for one hundred per cent (100%) drill attendance for any five [calendar years (not necessarily consecutive) in the future, or since the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-six] *yearly service periods of enlistment or commission of twelve consecutive months*.

Ribbon bar.

The ribbon bar of the medal shall be prescribed as part of the uniform of the National Guard of Pennsylvania in the case of all those possessing or entitled to the medal. The ribbon bar of the silver medal shall bear one silver star. The ribbon bar of the gold medal shall bear one gold star, with an additional gold star for each additional five years of one hundred per cent (100%) drill attendance.

Service medal.

(2) A Service Medal for twenty (20) years service (not necessarily consecutive) in the National Guard of Pennsylvania. *In computing such twenty (20) years of service, any service in the volunteer forces of the United States, or in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps thereof, during any war in which the United States was engaged, or during any Federal service, shall be included at twice its actual length.* The medal shall be of silver, suspended from a dark green ribbon. The ribbon bar of the medal shall be prescribed as part of the uniform of the Pennsylvania National Guard in the case of all those possessing or entitled to the medal. The ribbon bar of the Service Medal shall bear one silver star, with an additional silver star for each additional five years.

Ribbon bar.

The medal shall be of silver, suspended from a dark green ribbon. The ribbon bar of the medal shall be prescribed as part of the uniform of the Pennsylvania National Guard in the case of all those possessing or entitled to the medal. The ribbon bar of the Service Medal shall bear one silver star, with an additional silver star for each additional five years.

When effective.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on final enactment.

APPROVED—The 22d day of May, A. D. 1935.

GEORGE H. EARLE

No. 95

AN ACT

To amend section four hundred and forty-six of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand two hundred seventy-eight), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing counties to appropriate money for purpose of controlling and suppressing diseases to honeybees.

Counties.

Section
446, act of
May 2, 1929
(P. L. 1278),
amended.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section four hundred and forty-six of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand two hundred seventy-

eight), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 446. Suppression of Animal and Plant Diseases.—The board of county commissioners is hereby authorized to appropriate money from county funds for the purpose of controlling and suppressing dangerous infectious disease of livestock and poultry, and dangerous plant diseases and insect pests, *and diseases to honey-bees*, in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture of Pennsylvania.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section, the board of county commissioners may enter into agreements with the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture concerning terms, rules, regulations, and practices for conducting the work.

Section 2. The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment. When effective.

APPROVED—The 22d day of May, A. D. 1935.

GEORGE H. EARLE

No. 96

AN ACT

Providing for payment by the Commonwealth for loss of livestock heretofore sustained from rabies, where there is no proof of such livestock having been bitten by dogs.

Whereas, Under the "Dog Law of one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one" uncertainty exists as to whether claims for loss of livestock from rabies may be paid, unless it can be shown that such livestock was actually bitten by a dog; and Preamble.

Whereas, Legislation is pending to remove said uncertainty and to make such claims payable in the future; and

Whereas, There exists a number of such claims that have been proven to the satisfaction of the Department of Agriculture, but which the department is not satisfied that it has the authority to pay; therefore

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, whenever, heretofore, any person has sustained any loss of any livestock because of rabies, or any livestock of any person has been necessarily destroyed because of rabies, and such fact has been established to the satisfaction of a duly authorized agent of the Department of Agriculture, in the manner prescribed in the act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws, five hundred twenty-two), known as the "Dog Law of one thousand nine hundred and twen- Loss of livestock caused by rabies.
"Dog Law."