

That if such child is sixteen years of age or over and less than eighteen years of age, he or she may be confined in any place of detention maintained and provided for the custody of adults awaiting trial, *on order of the court if, in its opinion, the circumstances of the individual case so warrant.*

Section 7. Certain Commitments Prohibited; Special Rooms for Detention of Children.—No child under sixteen years of age, pending or after hearing before the juvenile court, shall be confined in any county jail, workhouse, police station, lockup, or other institution in which adults are confined, or be placed in any court room during the trial of adults unless his or her presence be required in the prosecution of adults upon order of the judge presiding at the trial of such adult or adults, or in any vehicle in company with adults charged with or convicted of crime.

The county commissioners in each county, *or in co-operation with another county or other counties,* shall provide, furnish, and heat a separate room or rooms, or a suitable building, to be used exclusively for the confinement of all children under [sixteen] *eighteen* years of age who may be in custody awaiting hearing in the juvenile court of the county, and shall provide for the maintenance and care of such children while in custody.

APPROVED—The 3rd day of June, A. D. 1953.

JOHN S. FINE

No. 47

AN ACT

To further amend the act, approved the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (Pamphlet Laws 29), entitled "An act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions," by extending the time within which appeals may be taken.

Appeals.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Act of April 17, 1876, P. L. 29, as last amended by act of April 1, 1925, P. L. 98, further amended.

Section 1. The act, approved the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (Pamphlet Laws 29), entitled "An act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions," as last amended by the act, approved the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (Pamphlet Laws 98), is hereby further amended to read as follows:

Right of appeal in cases of summary convictions.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases of summary conviction in this Commonwealth, before a magistrate or court not of record, either party, even

though any fine imposed has already been paid, may, within [five] *ten* days after such conviction, appeal to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which such magistrate shall reside or court not of record shall be held, upon allowance of the said court of quarter sessions, or any judge thereof, upon cause shown; and either party may also appeal from the judgment of a magistrate or a court not of record, in a suit for a penalty, to the court of common pleas of the county in which said judgment shall be rendered, upon allowance of said court, or any judge thereof, upon cause shown: Provided, That pending the taking of an appeal by either party, or the allowance or refusal thereof by the court or judge, the fine, or penalty, and costs imposed by the magistrate, or court not of record, need not be paid if bail is entered with one or more sufficient sureties in double the amount of such fine, or penalty, and costs for the payment thereof, on the refusal of such appeal; or if allowed, on the final disposal of such appeal. If the defendant pays the fine or penalty and costs imposed and wishes to take an appeal under the provisions of this section he shall give bail in double the probable amount of costs that may accrue in the final disposition of the appeal.

In suits for penalties.

Proviso.

APPROVED—The 3rd day of June, A. D. 1953.

JOHN S. FINE

No. 48

AN ACT

To amend section 916 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by making it a crime to injure or break television towers, wires, cables, or to interfere with the electrical signals thereof; and providing penalties.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

"The Penal Code."

Section 1. Section 916 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 916, act of June 24, 1939, P. L. 872, amended.

Section 916. Malicious Injury to Property.—Whoever unlawfully and maliciously breaks, injures, or otherwise destroys or damages any part of any locomotive or stationary engine, inclined plane, engine house, station or depot, bridge, culvert, trestle work or other building