

A C T S

OF THE

General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

Passed at a Session which commenced August 30th, 1779,
and ended October 10th, 1779.

1779.

JOSEPH REED, PRESIDENT OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
JOHN BAYARD, SPEAKER OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

CHAPTER DCCCXXXVII.

An ACT for the better ascertaining the boundary line between the counties of Cumberland, Bedford, and Northumberland.

[Cumberland county established, ante. pa. 201. chap. 350. Bedford county established, ante pa. 330, chap. 529. Northumberland county established, ante. pa. 366, chap. 644.]

WHEREAS the act of General Assembly of the province of Pennsylvania, entitled *An act for explaining and better ascertaining the boundary lines of the county of Bedford*, passed the twenty-first day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two, and the act passed the same day, entitled *An Act for erecting a part of the counties of Lancaster, Cumberland, Berks, Northampton, and Bedford into a separate county*, contradictory to each other, and assign different and inconsistent boundaries to the said county of Bedford and the county of Northumberland; and part of the boundary of the said county of Northumberland is, by reason of the course of Little Juniata, near the head thereof, impassable; and that strip of land on the north-east side of Juniata, between Jack's Narrows and Standing Stone Mountain, being separated by large mountains from the rest of Cumberland county, makes it inconvenient for the people residing on the said north-east side of Juniata, at the place aforesaid, that the same should continue in the said county of Cumberland: For remedy whereof,

Boundaries and lines.

II. *Be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted*, That the lines following, viz. " Beginning where the line (dividing Pennsylvania and Maryland) crosses the North or Blue Mountain, that runs between the Great and Little Coves and that part of Cumberland county called Conecocheague; and thence along the summit of the said mountain, to the beginning of the Tuscarora Mountain, and run-

ning along the summit of the said Tuscarora Mountain to the Gap, near the head of the Path Valley; from thence a north line to the Juniata river; thence up the Juniata to Jack's Narrows; thence along the summit of the ridges and mountains which divide the waters falling into the said north-east side of the said Juniata, above Jack's Narrows aforesaid, from the waters which fall into the said river, below the said Narrows, to Tussey's Mountain, at the head of the Standing Stone Creek; thence along the summit of Tussey's Mountain, to the ridge dividing the waters falling into Bald Eagle Creek from the waters of Little Juniata; thence along the said last mentioned ridge, to the Chesnut Ridge; thence along the Chesnut Ridge, to the head of the southwest branch of Bald Eagle Creek; from thence a straight line to the head of Moshannon Creek; thence down Moshannon Creek, to the west branch of Susquehanna; thence up said west branch, to the purchase line run from Kittanning to the said west branch, to the line of Westmoreland county; thence along the south-east boundary of the said county of Westmoreland, as the same is described in the act erecting the said county of Westmoreland, to the line dividing Pennsylvania from Maryland aforesaid; and thence along the said line last mentioned, to the place of beginning;" shall be, and are hereby declared to be, the boundary lines of the said county of Bedford, any thing in the said recited acts, or of the act for erecting the said county of Bedford, to the contrary notwithstanding: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to disannul or make void the said recited acts, or any clause, article, matter or thing, therein contained, except what is hereby altered or supplied, but that the same articles, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, not hereby altered or supplied, shall be and remain in full force and virtue.

Passed 30th September, 1779.—Recorded in Law Book vol. I. page 287. (*m*)

(*m*) For the alteration of the boundaries described in this act, to the several acts mentioned therein, see the notes in.

CHAPTER DCCCLII.

An ACT for continuing an act, entitled *An act for the more easy recovery of legacies.*

[Original act ante. p. 383, chap. 654.

WHEREAS, an act of assembly, passed on the twenty-first day of March, which was in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two, entitled *An act for the more easy recovery of legacies*, has been found a good and wholesome law, and fit to be perpetuated; and the same being nearly expired by its own limitation:

II. *Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted*, That the said act, and every thing therein contained, save the clause limiting the continuance thereof, is hereby made perpetual.

Act made perpetual.

Passed 9th October, 1779.—Recorded in Law Book vol. I. page 305.